

Pick a Word

Use the word or words in the box that matches each statement below.

blood-alcohol concentration (BAC)	inhibitions
depressant	intoxilyzer
designated driver	nystagmus
driving under the influence (DUI)	over-the-counter medicine (OTC)
driving while intoxicated (DWI)	peer education
euphoria	peer pressure
field sobriety test	prescription medicine
hallucinogen	stimulant
implied-consent law	zero-tolerance law

- _____ 1. Inner forces of personality that hold back one's impulsive behavior
- _____ 2. Percentage of alcohol in a person's bloodstream determined by chemical tests
- _____ 3. A driver with a BAC of 0.10 can be charged with _____.
- _____ 4. A drug that slows down the central nervous system
- _____ 5. On-the-spot roadside tests that help a police officer detect driver impairment from alcohol
- _____ 6. Drugs that can be obtained legally without a doctor's order
- _____ 7. Where young people help other young people make responsible decisions
- _____ 8. A mind-altering drug that changes a personality and distorts vision and perception
- _____ 9. A driver with a BAC between 0.05 and 0.09 might be charged with _____.
- _____ 10. A drug that speeds up a person's central nervous system
- _____ 11. Machine that determines BAC by measuring a person's breath
- _____ 12. Drugs that can only be purchased under a doctor's order
- _____ 13. A person's alcohol-induced false feeling of well-being
- _____ 14. A law that makes it illegal for persons under 21 to drive with any measurable amount of alcohol in the blood
- _____ 15. The influence that others of similar age and/or interests have on another person
- _____ 16. By accepting a driver's license, a person agrees to be tested for BAC if stopped for suspicion of alcohol or drug use while driving.
- _____ 17. The involuntary jerking of the eyes as a person gazes to the side
- _____ 18. Decides ahead of time to abstain from drinking at social functions

Test Your Knowledge

Check myth or fact for each statement below.

1. A person can burn off alcohol by strenuous activity.
2. A person will be affected by drinking beer.
3. A person will not drive as well after a few alcoholic drinks.
4. Alcohol will not affect a person who has built up a tolerance.
5. A person can sober up by drinking black coffee and taking a cold shower.

	Myth	Fact
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

Study the Statements

Check correct or incorrect for each of the following statements about peer pressure.

1. Peer pressure is not influential in your decision-making process.
2. Cheering for your school's football team is an example of positive peer pressure.
3. Peer pressure only affects young people.
4. Responsible decisions can help you be in control of your life.
5. Peer education is a process in which young people help other young people make decisions.
6. You have no responsibilities toward friends who decide to drink and drive.
7. There is nothing you can do to prevent underage drinking problems.
8. A designated driver should not drink any alcoholic beverages.
9. Maturity and independent thinking can help you resist peer pressure.
10. If you know that the person who is supposed to drive you home has had a few alcoholic beverages, you should make alternate plans.

	Correct	Incorrect
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

List the Factors

List below the main factors that determine the degree of impairment caused by consumption of alcohol.

Identify the Type of Drug

Identify the type of drug shown in the box that causes each effect on the body listed below.

depressant	stimulant
hallucinogen	marijuana

- | | |
|-------|--|
| _____ | 1. Slows down the body's mental and physical processes |
| _____ | 2. Reduces abilities to judge distance, time, and direction |
| _____ | 3. Causes a person to lose inhibitions |
| _____ | 4. Speeds up the body's central nervous system |
| _____ | 5. Impairs judgement, memory, depth perception, and coordination |
| _____ | 6. Causes reflex actions of the body to slow down |
| _____ | 7. Gives feelings of energy and alertness at first |
| _____ | 8. Alters personality and causes panic |
| _____ | 9. Slows down the body's central nervous system |
| _____ | 10. After alertness wears off, causes person to become tired quickly |

Study the Statements

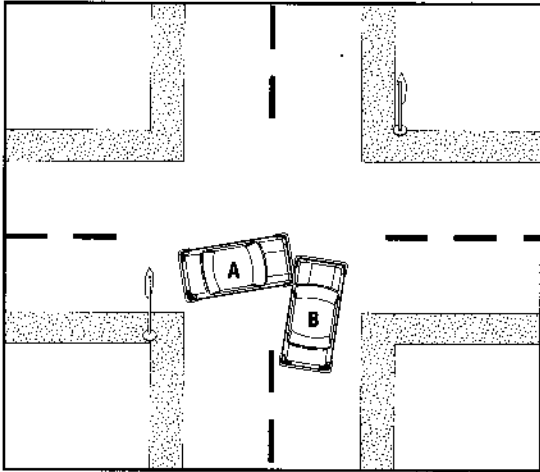
Check correct or incorrect for each statement.

1. Alcohol is the most commonly used drug in our society.
2. Nearly half of those killed in alcohol-related collisions were not drinking.
3. Young drinking drivers are involved in fatal collisions at twice the rate as drivers over age 21.
4. More than half of all fatalities during holidays are alcohol related.
5. Teenage and adult drinking differ in that adults do more drinking in vehicles.
6. Most states enforce a minimum drinking age of 21.
7. The greatest hazard young people face is driving and riding with other drivers.
8. The highest rates of intoxication are found in drivers in their forties.
9. Drivers aged 16 through 20 are more likely to be alcohol-impaired than any other group.
10. One drink of alcohol does not always affect the behavior of some people.

	Correct	Incorrect
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

Use the Picture

Read the statements below about this picture of a collision. Check true or false for each statement.



1. The breath of Driver A smells of alcohol. This is proof for a DUI conviction.
2. If arrested for DWI, Driver A or B will most likely be asked to take a breath test under the implied-consent law.
3. If Driver A has a history of heavy drinking, it is less likely that his/her driving actions would have caused the collision.
4. Driver A could be convicted of DUI in some states if he or she has a BAC of 0.07 in tests given right after the collision.
5. If Driver A refuses to be tested for BAC and is not convicted of DWI, his or her driver's license cannot be suspended.

	True	False
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

Check Alcohol-Affected Behavior

Check whether each alcohol-affected behavior below is likely to occur in the average person after having one, three, or four alcoholic drinks in one hour.

1. Most of a person's behaviors are affected. Body parts seem not to work together. Walking without stumbling is difficult.
2. Judgment and reasoning are not reliable. Person may do or say things that are rude and unreasonable.
3. Hearing, speech, vision, and balance are affected. Ability to drive is greatly impaired.
4. Inhibitions are lessened. Person may be less critical of oneself and others.
5. Pupils of the eyes do not become smaller quickly enough as bright light approaches and are slower to open after the bright light passes.

	Drinks in an Hour		
	One	Three	Four
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

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